

Fostoria Area Professional Nurses Association



Using Informatics to Evaluate Outcomes of Evidence-Based Nursing Practice

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Tonight's learning objectives

- Describe key elements of informatics and performance analytics as applied to healthcare performance improvement
- Discuss relevant metrics applying to everyday practice of nursing in acute care hospitals, using evidence-based standards
- Identify insightful, actionable analytic tools currently in use for the purpose of driving performance improvement



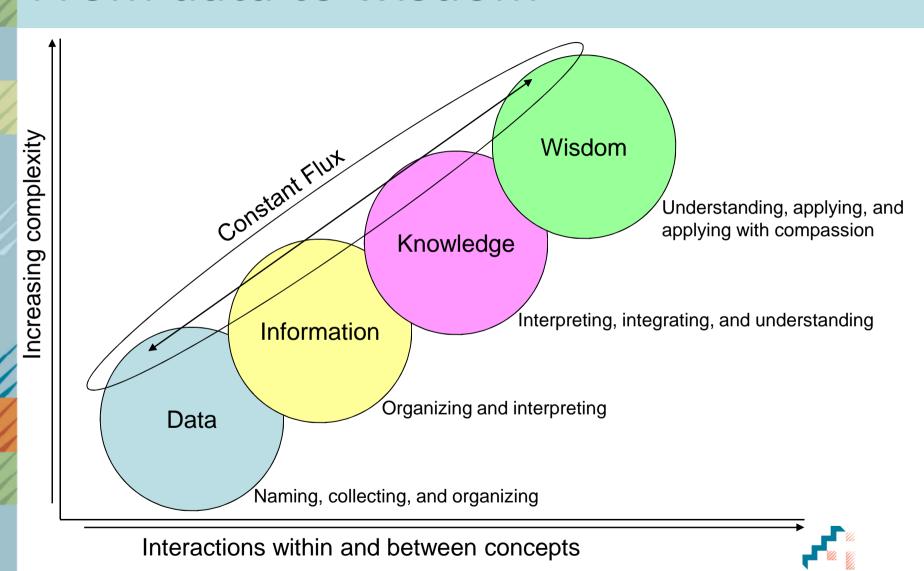
What is nursing informatics?

Nursing informatics (NI) is a specialty that integrates nursing science, computer science, and information science to manage and communicate data, information, knowledge and wisdom in nursing practice.

ANA's Nursing Informatics: Scope and Standards of Practice (2008).



From data to wisdom



from Englebardt & Nelson (2002)

Functional areas for NI

- Administration, leadership, and management
- Analysis
- Compliance and integrity management
- Consultation
- Coordination, facilitation, and integration
- Development
- Educational and professional development
- Policy development and advocacy
- Research and evaluation



Nursing informatics competencies

- Garde, Harrison, and Hovenga (2005)
 - Nursing informatics
 - Information technology
 - Organizational and human behavior
 - Clinical and health-related
- Healthcare Leadership Alliance (2005)
 - Leadership
 - Communication and relationship management
 - Professionalism
 - Business knowledge and skills
 - Knowledge of the healthcare environment



What is performance analytics?

- Discipline dealing with helping organizational leaders transform data and information into knowledge and wisdom
- Heavy emphasis on the software-based aggregation and presentation of data
- Other similar descriptors
 - Decision support
 - Business intelligence



Buzzwords in performance analytics

- Data warehouse
- Data mart
- OLAP cube
- Dashboards
- Scorecards
- Interfaces
- Extracts

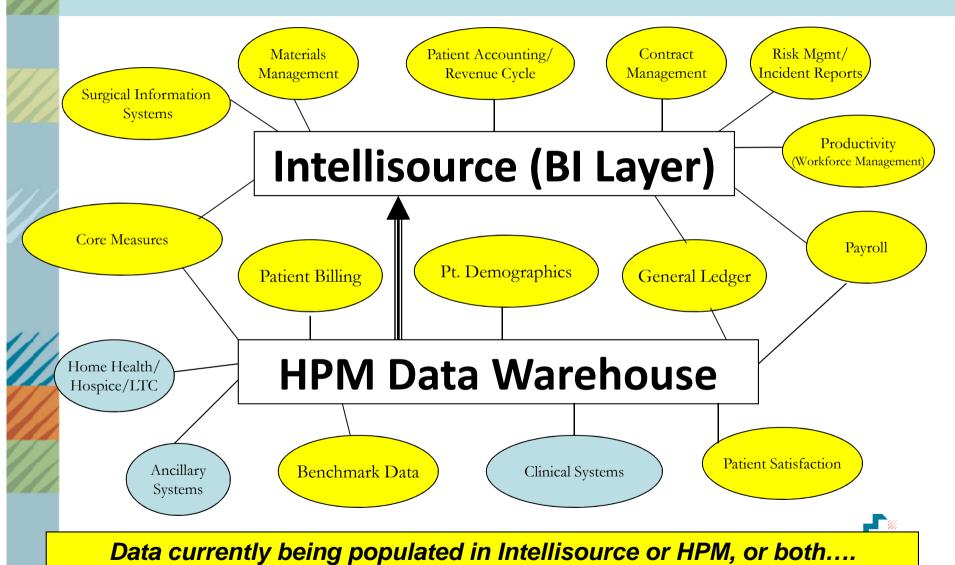


The hospital IT landscape

Patient Accounting & Revenue Document Enterprise Scheduling (7 vendors) Mobile Data Oncology (3 vendors) Hospice Laboratory Radiology (12 vendors) Pharm acy Administration System s (5 vendors) (9 vendors) Mamt (8 vendors) Contract Mom (3 vendors) (4 vendors) (20 vendors) (3 vendors) (14 vendors) Acute Care Ambulatory Behavioral Advanced Emergency Department Interface Cardiology Procedure **EMPI** Dictation Anancial/ERP EMR Specialty Health Visualization Engine: (7 vendors) Documentation (11 vendori) (5 vendors) (4 vendors) (11 vendors) (4 vendors) 14 vendors 3 (2 vendors) (5 vendors) (16 vendors) (3 vendors) Revenue Cycli Lab Anatomic Mam mographi Single Sign-Or Pathology (3 vendors) Necessity (7 vendors) (6 vendori) (2 vendors) Time and Cardiology Speech Budgeting Recognition Attendance Hemodynamic (3 vendors) (3 windors) (3 vendors) (5 vendors) Medical Revenue Cycle Practice Chargemaster Mgm t Records Anesthesia Management (36 vendors) (1 vendor) (4 vendors) (4 vendors) Community Discharge PACS Planning (2 vendors) (31 vendors) (3 vendors) (8 vendors) **Ambulatory Ambulatory** Fran scription: Builness Labor and EMR Claim : Mgm t Blood Bank Management Portal a Management Scheduling Delivery (7 vendors) (Small Practice) Support Recognition Large Practice (4 vendors) (1 vendor) (7 vendors) (5 vendors) (9 vendors) (6 vendors) (8 vendors) (5 vendors) (18 vendors (4 vendors) Specimen Revenue Cycle-Claim : Mgm t (7 vendor:) Surgery Management Other Medical Collection Monitoring Homecare Smart Pumps Ultrasound Ventilator: Fetal Monitors System (8 vendors) Device a (bar coding) (11 vendors) (1 vendor) Catholic* HEALTHCARE

PARTNERS

CHP's performance analytics map



HEALTHCARE PARTNERS

The clinical performance mandate









THELEAPFROGGROUP for Patient Safety Rewarding Higher Standards





Foundation for Health Care Quality











Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Advancing Excellence in Health Care



To Err Is Human (IOM, 2000)

- Between 44,000 and 98,000 deaths in American hospitals each year due to preventable adverse events
- Complication rate of 5.4% in surgical patients with half of them preventable (1977 to 1990)
- Approximately 50% of cardiac arrests studied could have been prevented (1991)
 - Medication errors and toxic effects
 - Suboptimal response by physicians to clinical signs and symptoms
- 7,000 deaths attributed to medication errors (1993)
- Since 1983 outpatient deaths from med errors increased
 8.48 fold and inpatient deaths have increased 2.37 fold
- IOM set minimum goal of 50% reduction in errors over 5 years

Accreditation and national quality initiatives

- Magnet status (ANCC)
- Beacon award (AACN)
- The Joint Commission (TJC)
- Institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI)
- Malcolm Baldrige Award
- Others



Organized reporting initiatives

- Core Measures TJC accreditation
- Error reporting required in some states
 - National Quality Forum (NQF)
 - Serious Reportable Events in Healthcare (state by state some public)
 - Other measures
 - Hospital-associated Infection Data
 - Nurse-Sensitive Care
 - Others
- Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)
 - Deficit Reduction Act Hospital Quality Improvement
 - Reporting Hospital Quality Data for Annual Payment Update (RHQDAPU)
 - Core measures
 - Hospital acquired conditions (HAC's) as of October 1, 2008
 - Value Based Purchasing concept
 - Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (HCAHPS)

CMS hospital acquired conditions

- Foreign object retained after surgery
- Air embolism
- Blood incompatibility
- Stage III and IV pressure ulcers
- Falls and trauma
- Manifestations of poor glycemic control
- Catheter-associated urinary tract infection
- Vascular catheter-associated infection
- Surgical site infections
 - CABG mediastinitis
 - Bariatric surgery
 - Orthopedic procedures
- VTE following total knee & hip replacement



HCAHPS nursing-sensitive items

Hospital CAHPS®

SURVEY INSTRUCTIONS: You should only fill out this survey if you were the patient during the hospital stay named in the cover letter. Do not fill out this survey if you were not the patient. Answer <u>all</u> the questions by filling in the circle to the left of your answer. You are sometimes told to skip over some questions in this survey. When this happens you will see an arrow with a note that tells you what question to answer next.

Please answer the questions in this survey about this stay at Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania. Do not include any other hospital stay in your answers. Please use black or blue ink to fill in the circle completely.

Example:

OMB Control Number: 0938-0981

YOUR CARE FROM NURSES

TOOK CARLET KOM HOROEG						
1.	During this hospital stay, how often did nurses treat you with <u>courtesy</u> and <u>respect?</u> O Never O Sometimes Usually O Always					
2.	During this hospital stay, how often did nurses listen carefully to you? O Never O Sometimes O Usually O Always					
3.	During this hospital stay, how often did nurses explain things in a way you could understand? O Never O Sometimes O Usually O Always					
4.	During this hospital stay, after you pressed the call button, how often did you get help as soon as you wanted it? O Never O Sometimes O Usually O Always O I never pressed the call button					

THE HOSPITAL ENVIRONMENT

8.	During this hospital stay, how often were your
٥.	room and bathroom kept clean?
	O Never
	O Sometimes O Usually
	O Always
9.	During this hospital stay, how often was the area
	around your room quiet at night?
	O Never O Sometimes
	O Usually
	O Always
YC	OUR EXPERIENCES IN THIS HOSPITAL
10.	,
	from nurses or other hospital staff in getting to the bathroom or in using a bedpan?
	O Yes
	O No → If No, Go to Question 12
11.	How often did you get help in getting to the
	bathroom or in using a bedpan as soon as
	you wanted? O Never
	O Sometimes
	O Usually O Always
	Onways
12.	During this hospital stay, did you need
	medicine for pain? O Yes
	O No → If No, Go to Question 15
12	During this bounded story boundfur was a
13.	During this hospital stay, how often was your pain well controlled?
	O Never
	O Sometimes O Usually
	O Always
14.	During this hospital stay, how often did the
	hospital staff do everything they could to help
	you with your pain?
	O Never O Sometimes
	O Usually
	O Always

(continued...)

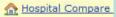
More HCAHPS

5.	During this hospital stay, were you given any medicine that you had not taken before? O Yes	22.	Would you recommend this hospital to your friends and family? O Definitely no
	O No → If No, Go to Question 18		O Probably no
6.	Before giving you any new medicine, how		O Probably yes
	often did hospital staff tell you what the medicine was for?		O Definitely yes
	O Never O Sometimes O Usually	ABO	DUT YOU
7	O Always Before giving you any new medicine, how	23.	In general, how would you rate your overall health?
7.	often did hospital staff describe possible		O Excellent
	side effects in a way you could understand?		O Very Good
	O Never O Sometimes		O Good
	O Usually		O Fair
	O Always		O Poor
VΗ	EN YOU LEFT THE HOSPITAL	24	What is the highest grade or level of school
8.	After you left the hospital, did you go directly to	24.	that you have completed?
	your own home, to someone else's home, or to		O 8th grade or less
	another health facility?		O Some high school, but did not graduate
	O Own home O Someone else's home		O High school graduate or GED
	O Another health facility → If Another, Go to		O Some college or 2-year degree
	Question 21		O 4-year college graduate
9.	During this hospital stay, did doctors, nurses or other hospital staff talk with you about whether		O More than 4-year college degree
	you would have the help you needed when you left the hospital?	25.	Are you of Spanish, Hispanic or Latino origin or descent?
	O Yes O No		O No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino
00	During this hospital stay, did you get		O Yes, Puerto Rican
٠	information in writing about what symptoms		O Yes, Mexican, Mexican American, Chicano
	or health problems to look out for after you		O Yes, Cuban
	left the hospital?		O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino
	O Yes O No	26.	What is your race? Please choose one or more.
OVE	ERALL RATING OF HOSPITAL		O White
lea	ase answer the following questions about your		O Black or African American
tay	at the hospital named on the cover. Do not		O Asian
nclude any other hospital stay in your answers.			O Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander
1.	Using any number from 0 to 10, where 0 is the worst hospital possible and 10 is the best		O American Indian or Alaska Native
	hospital possible, what number would you use to rate this hospital during your stay?	27.	What language do you mainly speak at home?
	. 0, ,		O English
	O 0 Worst hospital possible O 1		O Spanish
	02		O Some other language (please print):
	03		
	04		
	O 5 O 6		DITIONAL QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR STAY
	07		w that we have asked you to tell us about <u>what</u> opened during your stay, we want to ask you
	08		out how well we met your needs.
	O 9 O 10 Best hospital possible		
	C car respirat possible		

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services HHS . GOV

Improving the health, safety, and well-being of America

Hospital Compare - A quality tool provided by Medicare



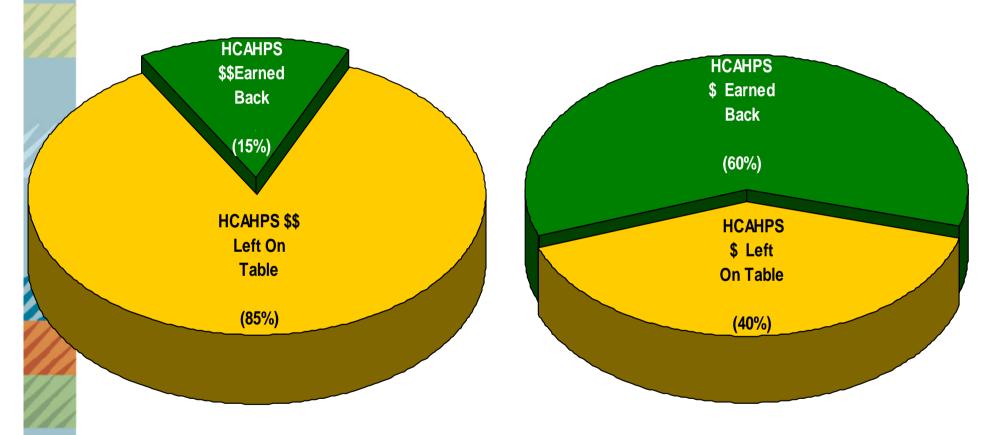
	Trospital Compare - A quality tool provided by Medicare							
	Hide Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences [What is This?] Back to Top							
		Acute Care	Acute Care	Acute Care				
Che	eck the boxes next to the topics for which you wo	ould like to view correlating graphs or t	ables.					
	Select All Reset Checkboxes		V	iew Graphs View Tables				
	Percent of patients who reported that their nurses "Always" communicated well.	73%	76%	70%				
	Percent of patients who reported that their doctors "Always" communicated well.	76%	72%	77%				
	Percent of patients who reported that they "Always" received help as soon as they wanted.	66%	64%	63%				
	Percent of patients who reported that their pain was "Always" well controlled.	64%	69%	67%				
	Percent of patients who reported that staff "Always" explained about medicines before giving it to them.	56%	54%	59%				
	Percent of patients who reported that their room and bathroom were "Always" clean.	68%	66%	69%				
	Percent of patients who reported that the area around their room was "Always" quiet at night,	52%	53%	48%				
	Percent of patients at each hospital who reported that YES, they were given information about what to do during their recovery at home.	80%	79%	83%				
П	Percent of patients who gave their hospital a rating of 9 or 10 on a scale from 0 (lowest) to 10 (highest).	71%	67%	58%				
	Percent of patients who reported YES, they would definitely recommend the hospital.	74%	73%	66%				

CMS value-based purchasing

- Legislation proposed to withhold portion of inpatient payments as incentive for performance improvement
 - CMS bill: 2% escalating to 5% over a 4-year period
 - Congressman Altmire (PA) bill: 0.5% escalating to
 2% over 4 years
- Hospital "opportunity" to earn back withheld dollars based on publicly reported data scores
 - 70% linked to clinical quality outcomes (Core Measures)
 - 30% linked to results on HCAHPS inpatient satisfaction survey



Large health system: Potential reimbursement impact



At Current Satisfaction Levels

At Top Quartile



Nursing-centered initiatives

- American Nurses Credentialing Center: Magnet
 - Uses NDNQI for data collection
- American Nurses Association (NDNQI)
- American Association of Critical-Care Nursing: Beacon Award
- NQF: 15 Nurse-Sensitive Care indicators as a part of the "Nursing Care Performance Measures" project
- IHI: Transforming care at the bedside (TCAB)
- At least 40+ measures needed to participate in all of the above

National Database of Nursing Quality Indicators (NDNQI)®

NDNQI indicators

Many of the NDNQI indicators are National Quality Forum (NQF) endorsed measures and are part of the NQF's Nursing-Sensitive Measure Set.



Patient falls Not

Patient falls with injury NO

Pressure ulcers:

Community acquired

Hospital acquired

Unit acquired

Staff mix Web

Nursing hours per patient day NOF

RN Surveys:

Job satisfaction

Practice environment scale NOF

RN education & certification

Pediatric pain assessment cycle

Pediatric IV infiltration rate

Psychiatric patient assault rate

Restraints prevalence NOT

Nurse turnover NOF

Nosocomial infections:

Ventilator-assisted pneumonia (VAP) NOR

Central line associated blood stream infection (CLABSI) NOT

Catheter associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI) NO.





Transforming Care at the Bedside

April 9, 2008



TRANSFORMING CARE AT THE BEDSIDE: All medical and surgical units are transformed and have achieved and sustained unprecedented results.



High leverage changes that resulted in achieving TCAB design targets on the pilot site are spread to all med/surg units

KEY DESIGN THEMES

SAFE AND RELIABLE CARE: Care for moderately sick patients who are hospitalized is safe, reliable, effective and equitable.

VITALITY AND TEAMWORK: Within a joyful and supportive environment that nurtures professional formation and career development, effective care teams continually strive for excellence.





Voluntary turnover for nurses is an average of

PATIENT-CENTERED CARE: Truly patientcentered care on medical and surgical units honors the whole person and family, respects individual values and choices, and ensures continuity of care. Patients will say, "They give me exactly the help I want (and need) exactly

VALUE-ADDED CARE PROCESSES: All care processes are free of waste and promote continuous flow



Nurses spend 70% of their time In direct patient care

DESIGN **TARGETS**

Harm from falls is reduced to 1 (or less) per 10,000 patient days



Codes on med/surg units are reduced to

6% or less (per year)

Readmissions within 30 days are reduced to 5% or less

96% of patients are willing to recommend the

HIGH LEVERAGE CHANGES

> LEADERSHIP LEVERAGE **POINTS**

ETECTION & RESPON RRTW

PREVENT HIGH HAZARE DRUG ERRORS

PREVENT PRESSURE LLCERS

PALLIATIVE CARE PROGRAMS

PREVENT HARM FROM FALLS

PREVENT NOSOCOMIAL INFECTIONS

BORD CAPABILITY OF RONT-LINE STAFF IN IMPROVEMENT

DENTIFY COMPETENCIES & DEVELOP MID-LEVEL TRANSFORMATION

DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A FRAMEWORK FOR NURSING PRACTICE ASED ON THE FORCE OF MAGNETISM

COMMUNICATIONS

CENTERED HEALING ENVIRONMENTAL SETS

when I want (and need) it."

INVOLVE PATIENTS & FAMILIES ON ALL QI TEAMS

OPTIMIZE TRANSITIONS TO HOME OR OTHER FACILITY.

MER TROUGGIST INARY

MEMBERS CUSTOMIZING CARE TO

CREATE ACUITY ADAPTABLE BEDS

ELIMINATE WASTE & PROVE WORK FLOW: ADMISSION PROCESS. MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION, HANDOFFIS ROUTINE CARE & DISCHARGE PROCESS.

PARTITIONS HROUGH PHYSICAL REACH DENIES.

MOVE VALUE-ADDED **ACTIVITIES TO THE** BEDSIDE

Green = best practices exist on 25 or more medisury units

Yellow = best practices exist on 5 med/surg units

AND COMMUNICATE SYSTEM LEVEL AIMS FOR IMPROVEMENT

EASURES, STRATEGY PROJECTS AND A EADERSHIP LEARNING SYSTEM

CHANNEL LEADERSHIP TTENTION TO SYSTEM LEVEL IMPROVEMENT

GET THE RIGHT TEAM ON THE BUS

MAKE THE CFO A QUALITY CHAMPION

ENGAGE WITH PHYSICIANS

BUILD IMPROVEMENT CAPABILITY





Other initiatives relating to nursing

TJC

- Specific core measures
 - Smoking cessation information
 - Discharge instructions for HF
- Most of the National Patient Safety Goals

IHI

- Global trigger tools
- 5 Million LivesCampaign
- Others





Commonalities

- Prevalence rates: falls, restraints, pressure ulcers, CA UTI, CA BSI, VAP
- Satisfaction: Staff and patients
- Business of nursing: LOS, skill mix, NHPPD, voluntary turnover
- Some measures impact reimbursement and publicly reported statistics - on the Hospital Acquired Conditions (HAC) and Serious Reportable Adverse Events in Healthcare lists

Differences

Definitions may be different

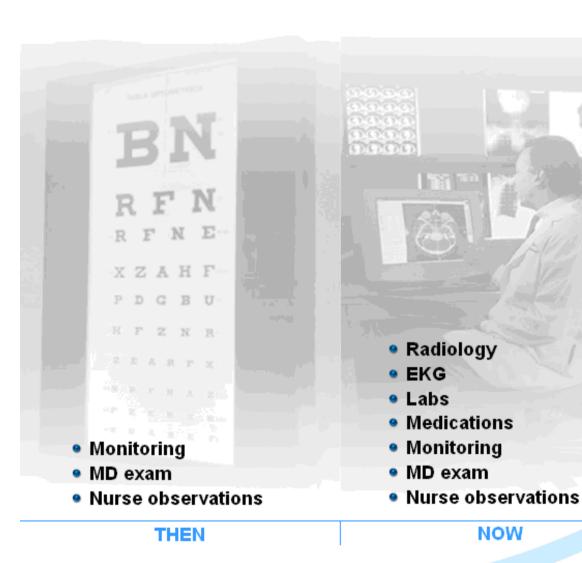
- Pressure ulcer
 - Grade II or higher
 - Stage 3 or 4
- Falls
 - Falls number per 1000 patient days
 - falls with injury vs. all falls

Useful for internal tracking

Can cause confusion with external comparisons



Data Advances in Medicine



- Continuous location tracking
- Constant vital signs monitoring
- Transcutaneous monitoring of glucose, ETOH, etc.
- Noninvasive testing
- Exhaled breath analysis
- Testing to maintain wellness
- Increased image utilization
- Genomic data
- Proteomics
- Personalized pharmacy
- Radiology
- EKG
- Labs
- Medications
- Monitoring
- MD exam
- Nurse observations

NOW

TOMORROW

CIO journal says, "Nursing First"



November 2008 Cover Story Nursing First by Mark Hagland Smart CIOs are partnering with nurse executives for IT implementation success

Blog Postings

HCI 100 Results

Guest Blogs: 21 Registered Readers: 624

What's in an Acronym? 11/7/2008

Even football players aren't safe from security breaches 11/6/2008

7 Killer Career Self-Assessment Questions 11/5/2008

17 Killer Interview Questions... ☐ printer friendly format ☐ email page Issue Date: November 2008.

Nursing First

Smart CIOs are partnering with nurse executives for IT implementation success by Mark Hagland

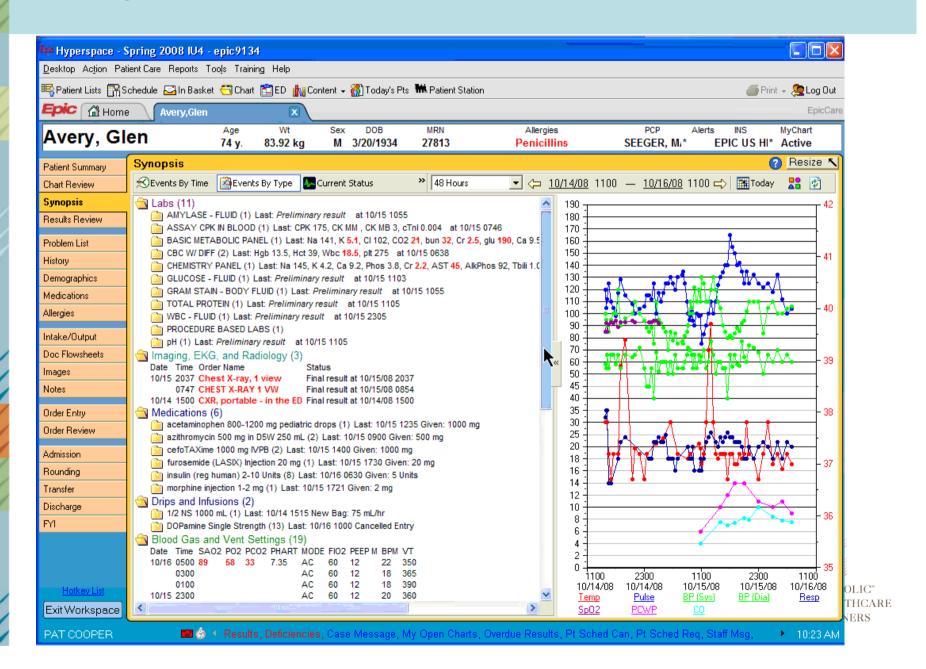


Methodist Hospital of Southern California's CIO Kara Marx, R.N., M.H.S. (right); Chief Clinical Informatics Officer Jason Aranda, R.N.; and VP and CNO Carolyn Tadeja, R.N.

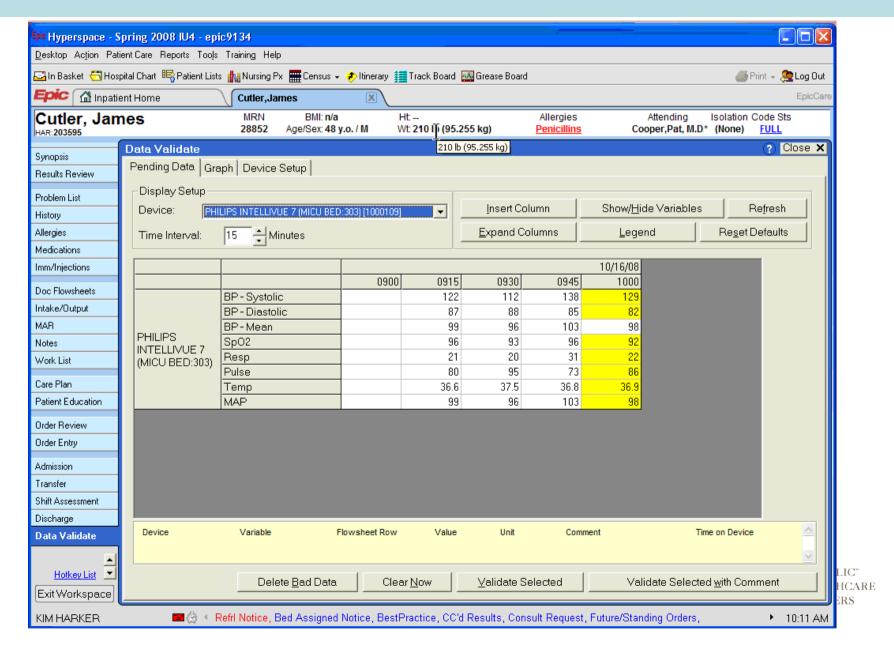
Getting things right from the start has been a top priority for the rollout of automated nursing documentation at Methodist Hospital of Southern California. Not only have clinician and IT leaders at the 460-bed standalone community hospital in the Los Angeles suburb of Arcadia committed to careful, step-by-step success in rolling out the nursing documentation component of their EMR; they've obtained and maintained senior executive- and board-level commitment to getting it right the first time. As a result, the rollout of those tools has proceeded smoothly and collaboratively, says Methodist Hospital CIO, Kara Marx, R.N., M.H.S.



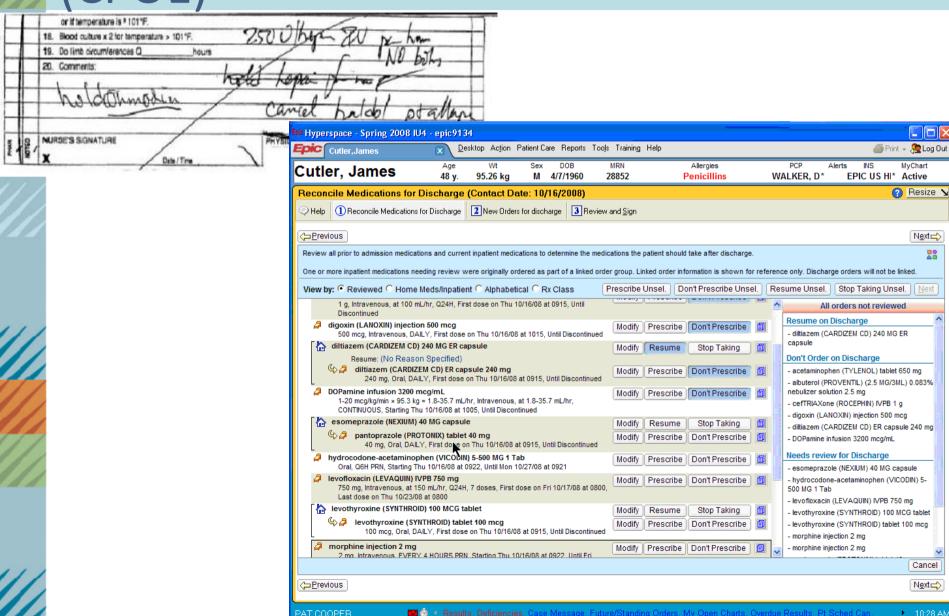
Comprehensive clinical documentation



Interfaces from monitors & pumps



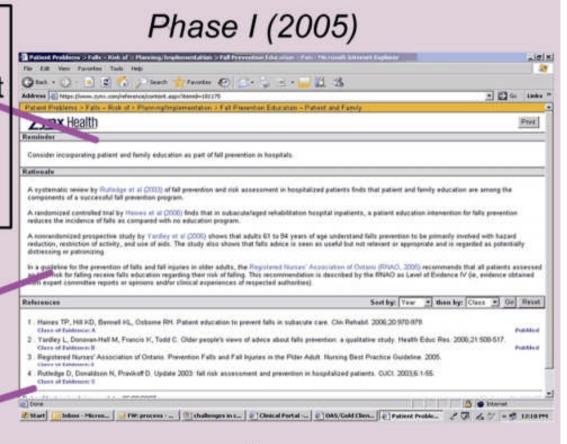
Computerized provider order entry (CPOE)



Link evidence based practice to EHR

Reminder:
Elderly
inpatients are at
risk for decline
in mobility and
function during
hospitalization

Summarizes evidence pulled from research

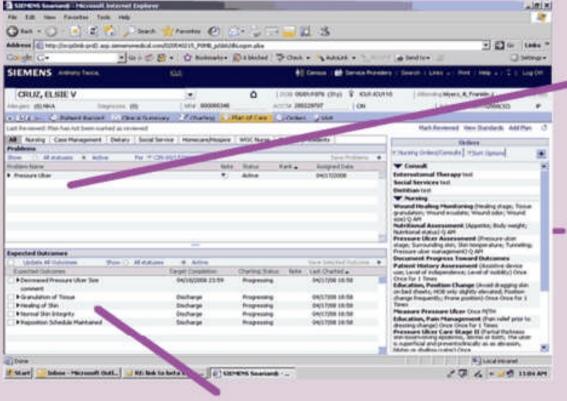


Includes references where nurses can click through to the study



Link evidence based practice to EHR





Condition/ problem: Pressure ulcer

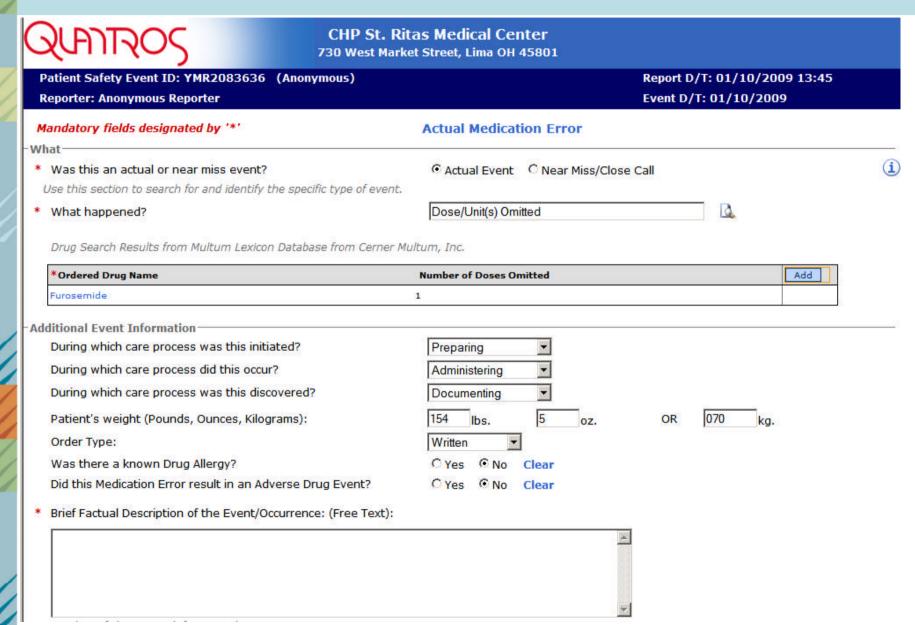
Necessary evidencebased care prompts such as wound healing monitoring

Expected outcomes: Granulation of tissue, decreased pressure ulcer size

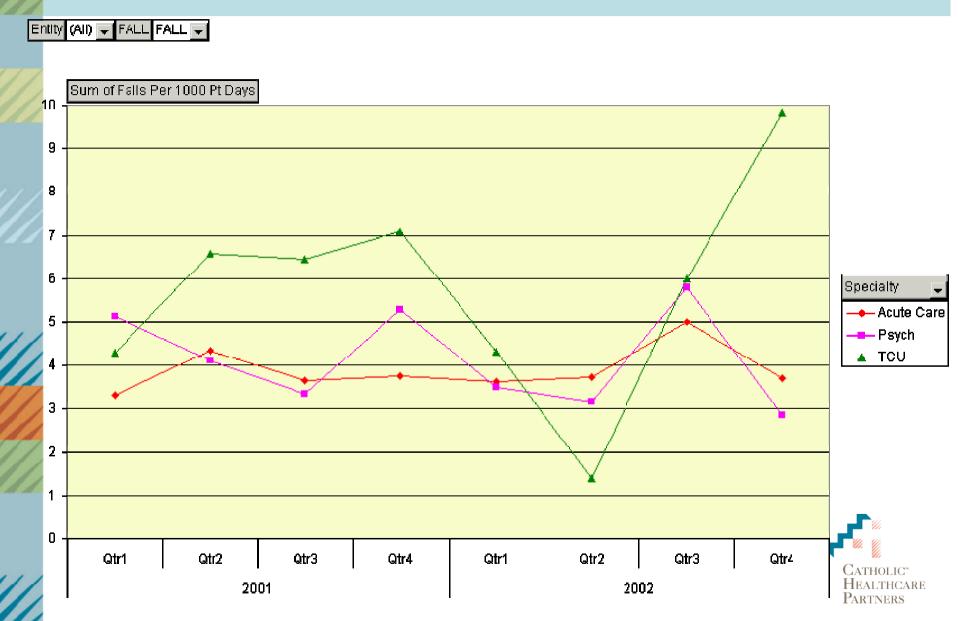
Catholic* Healthcare Partners

Source: PinnacleHealth presentation, 10/16/08.

Electronic event reporting



Reporting adverse risk events



Trends in healthcare BI / analytics

- Alerts as action triggers
- Penetration of Lean Six Sigma
- Scorecards and dashboards
- ARRA / HITECH



Alerts as action triggers

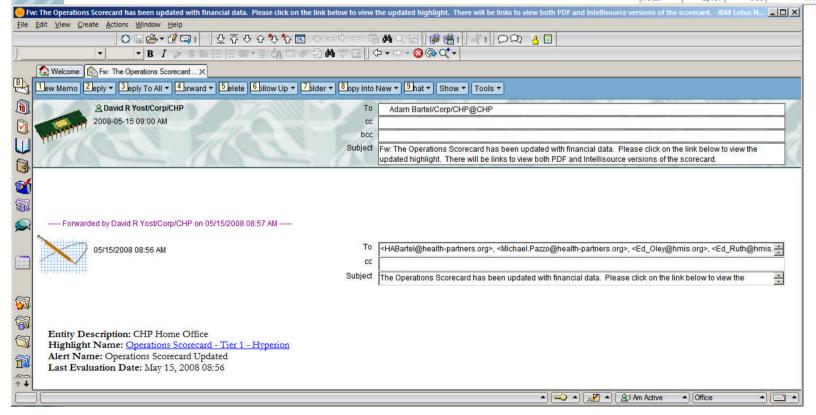
Executive Summary Daily Report

Drill 1 of 4: FAC
Drill 2 of 4: CEN YEAR; from FAC / A
Drill 3 of 4: CEN MONTH; from CEN YEAR / 2009

Drill 4 of 4: CEN DATE; from CEN MONTH / 2

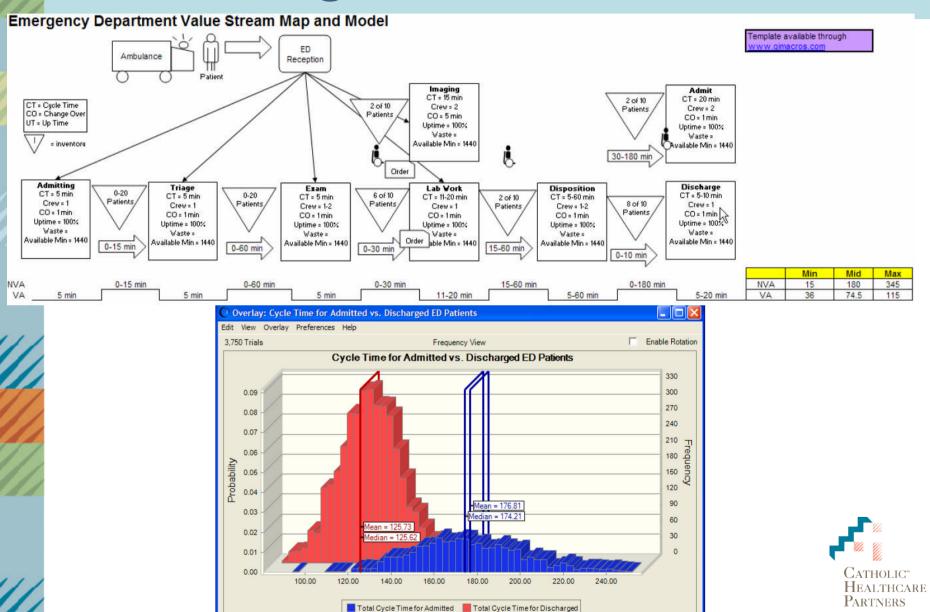
* Active Alert: IP Revenue *

CEN DATE	OP VISITS	ER VISITS	ADMISSIONS	CENSUS	OP REVENUE	‡ I	P REVENUE
2/1/2009	5	138	28	255	336,245	X	856,948
2/2/2009	373	133	86	272	946,506		1,618,876
2/3/2009	480	136	78	285	1,066,395		1,598,640
2/4/2009	499	127	85	298	1,163,258		2,047,805
2/5/2009	551	155	90	321	1,221,951		2,227,533
2/6/2009	517	134	83	309	1,495,300		1,717,733
2/7/2009	12	130	27	277	345,220	X	960,973
Total	2,437	953	477	2,017	6,574,877		11,028,507





Lean, Six Sigma, and SPC



CMS HAC highlight

CHP Hospital Acquired Conditions

▶ Drill 1 of 8: Region

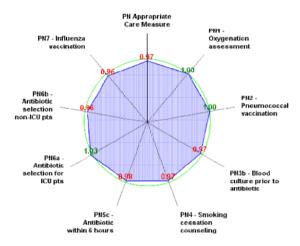
Region	Cases	Cases w Any CMS HAC	Pct of Cases W CMS HAC		Bariatric Surg Infection	Blood Incompatibility	CABG Surg Infection	Falls and Trauma	Foreign Object Retained	Ortho Surg Infection	Poor Glycemic Control	Pressure Ulcer Stage 3 or 4	VTE in Ortho Surg		Vascular Infection
11 - Mercy Health Partners Northern Region	42,220	59	0.14%	0	0	0	0	19	1	0	2	0	8	4	25
12 - West Central Ohio Health Partners	22,037	21	0.10%	0	0	0	0	11	1	1	0	0	2	0	6
13 - Community Health Partners	16,614	15	0.09%	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	5	2
21 - Community Mercy Health Partners	19,069	28	0.15%	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	10	10
22 - Humility of Mary Health Partners	39,134	138	0.35%	1	0	0	1	57	3	0	12	2	1	20	42
23 - Mercy Health Partners Southwest Ohio Region	50,843	75	0.15%	1	0	0	0	36	1	1	2	0	11	8	15
31 - Mercy Health Partners Tennessee Region	28,219	47	0.17%	0	0	0	0	19	1	0	1	0	8	5	13
32 - Mercy Health Partners Kentucky Region	14,202	35	0.25%	0	0	0	0	13	0	1	0	1	9	7	4
41 - Mercy Health Partners Northeast Region	11,816	26	0.22%	0	0	0	0	17	1	0	0	0	2	0	6
Report Total	244,154	444	0.18%	2	0	0	1	189	8	3	17	3	41	59	123



Pneumonia core measure scorecard

CHP Core Measures - Pneumonia - PN 2009







Measure	Rolling 4 Quarters				2000 VTD	Oct 2008 to Date	Current Target	Ast/Target		Ion to Con 2009	
measure	Q2 2008	Q3 2008	Q4 2008	Q1 2009	2005 110	Oct 2000 to Date	Current rarget	Acutarget		Jan to Sep 2000	
Summary Scores											
PN Appropriate Care Measure	88%	88%	84%	85%	85%	84%	86%	0.97	Χe	86%	
PN Composite Score	96%	96%	94%	95%	95%	94%	94% ‡			95%	
Individual Measures											
PN1 - Oxygenation assessment	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	1.00	√8	100%	
PN2 - Pneumococcal vaccination	95%	94%	96%	97%	97%	96%	96%	1.00	√ 8	94%	
PN3b - Blood culture prior to antibiotic	95%	97%	95%	92%	92%	95%	97%	0.97	X ⁶	95%	
PN4 - Smoking cessation counseling	99%	96%	97%	100%	100%	97%	100%	0.97	X 6	97%	
PN5c - Antibiotic within 6 hours	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	98%	0.98	X ⁰	95%	
PN6a - Antibiotic selection for ICU pts	63%	65%	81%	100%	100%	82%	80%	1.03	√8	64%	
PN6b - Antibiotic selection non-ICU pts	96%	95%	94%	92%	92%	94%	98%	0.96	X⁵	96%	
PN7 - Influenza vaccination	‡	‡	92%	97%	97%	92%	96%	0.96	X⁵	92%	



CHP Chief Nurse Executive Scorecard

Division: Show All		
Region: Show All	▼	Refresh
Facility: Show All	▼	

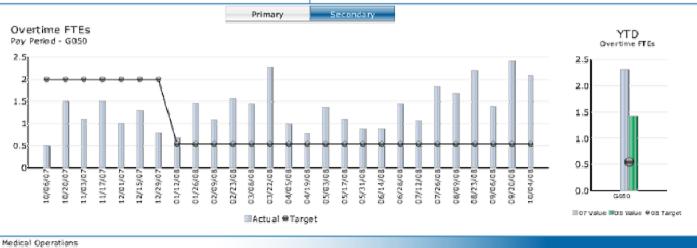
M	C VTD	I ==4 V===	Most Recent 4 Qtrs							
Measure	Current YTD	Last rear	Q2 2009	Q3 2009	Q4 2009	Q1 2010				
Core Measures										
Core Measures Opps at Top Quartile	59%	68%	‡	‡	‡	59%				
Harm Prevention										
HAC - Stage 3/4 Pressure Ulcer Rate	0.01%	0.00%	0.02%	0.00%	0.01%	‡				
HAC Stage 3/4 Pressure Ulcer Incidents	24	6	13	3	5	‡				
HAC Falls and Trauma Rate	0.04%	0.05%	0.03%	0.04%	0.04%	‡				
HAC Falls and Trauma Incidents	86	127	21	23	15	‡				
Mortality O/E Ratio	0.531	0.599	0.521	0.492	0.524	‡				
	Satisfacti	ion								
Associate Satisfaction	3.90	3.79	‡	‡	‡	‡				
Patient Satisfaction Comm. with Nurses	74.0%	72.9%	74.2%	74.0%	76.7%	‡				
Stewardship										
Length of Stay O/E Ratio	1.06	1.10	1.05	1.04	1.05	‡				
EIPA CMI Adjusted	582,296	633,990	161,035	159,658	105,159	‡				

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Nursing dashboard – labor

"This decument contains confidential privileged information as described by Section 2305,24 - 2305,28 of the Ohio Revised Code."



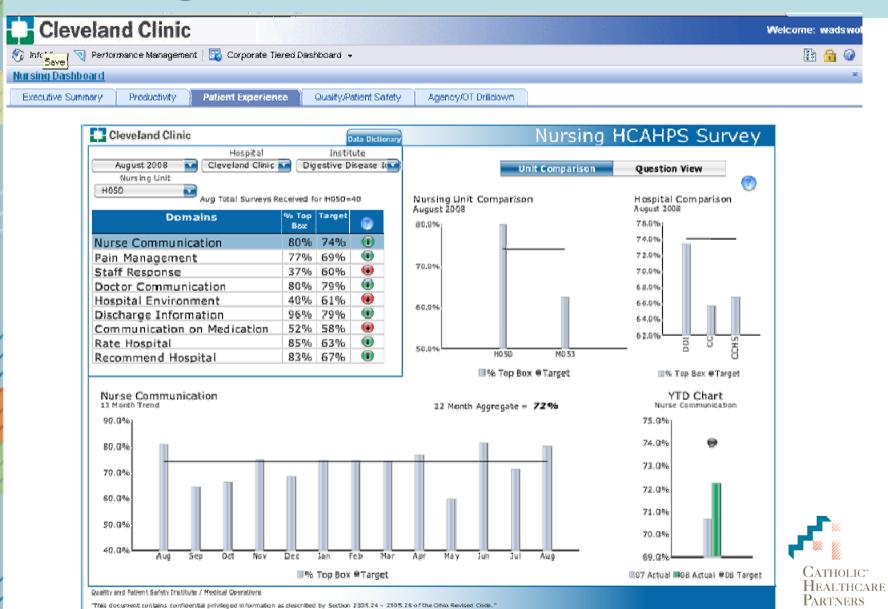


Catholic*

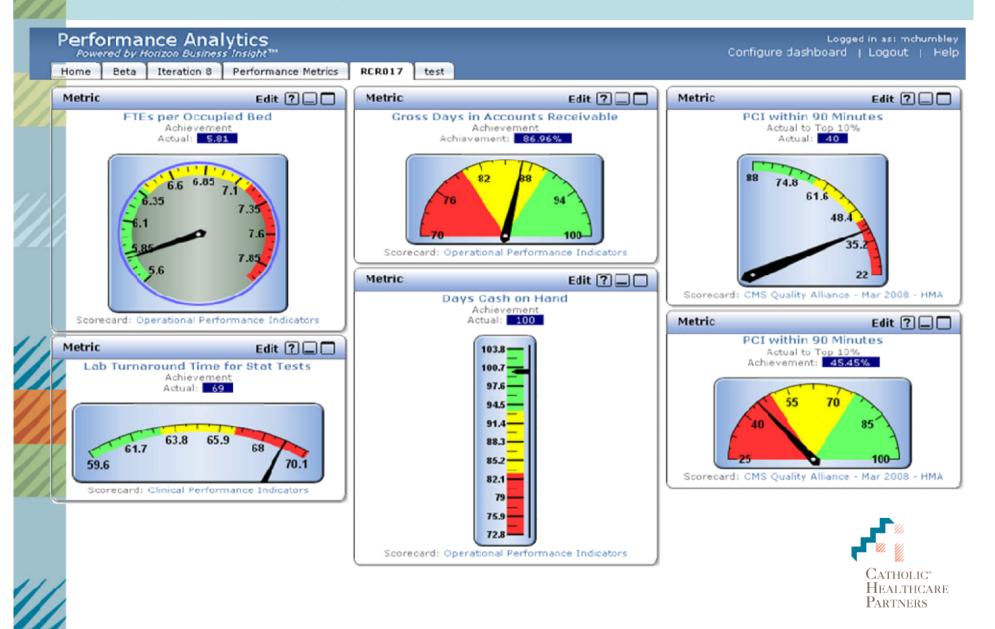
PARTNERS

HEALTHCARE

Nursing dashboard – HCAHPS



Visual examples of dashboard metrics



ARRA / HITECH

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Healthcare Allocation:

- \$86.6 billion for Medicaid
- \$24.7 billion to provide a 65 percent subsidy of health care insurance premiums for the unemployed under the COBRA program
- \$19 billion for health information technology
- \$10 billion for health research and construction of National Institutes of Health facilities
- \$1.3 billion for medical care for service members and their families (military)
- \$1 billion for prevention and wellness
- \$1 billion for the Veterns Health Adminstration
- \$2 billion for Community Health Centers
- \$1.1 billion to research the effectiveness of certain healthcare treatments
- \$500 million to train healthcare personnel
- \$500 million for healthcare services on Indian Reservation



ARRA / HITECH

- Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act
 - Provisions in Title XIII of ARRA
 - Details some requirements for receiving part of the \$19,000,000,000 in incentive payments
 - For providers engaged in "meaningful use" of "certified electronic health records systems"
 - Awaiting clear definitions of these terms by the
 Office of the National Coordinator for HIT (ONCHIT)
 as of late December

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